## **PREFACE**

The 21<sup>st</sup> Century has seen the emergence of tremendous vigor and excitement at the interface between computing and biology. Following years of investment by industry and then private foundations, the US Federal Government has greatly increased its support. Increasingly, the experimental findings from all of the biological sciences are becoming data rich and their practitioners are turning to the use of computational methods to manage and analyze the data. In light of the growing opportunities and excitement at the frontier interface between computing and biology, a few scientists turned conference planners organized the first Computational Systems **Bioinformatics** (CSB) conference in 2001 at Stanford, CA; CSB continued each August at Stanford over the next five years. During this time, many computer scientists and other engineers, as well as biologists, have attended CSB meetings, which have particularly served to introduce cutting edge biological inquiry and challenge problems to investigators from quantitative science backgrounds.

CSB, more recently, became the public venue for the not-for-profit Life Sciences Society, or LSS, which was founded, in part, to enhance the opportunities at the interface between the quantitative / engineering sciences and the biological sciences. In 2006, LSS was honored to be invited to hold CSB2007 on the campus of the University of California at San Diego, UCSD. Some future meetings at UCSD, and ultimately, at other universities. as well as satellite sessions bioinformatics meetings around the world, anticipated over the next several years. The Stanford / Bay Area / Silicon Valley venue, along with presenting highlights in bioinformatics, has been especially valuable for connecting individuals from the computer and electronics industry with investigators in the pure and applied life sciences.

The current venue should provide some connections to telecommunications, while sustaining some of the earlier opportunities, but we anticipate an enhanced interaction with basic and applied biotechnology. The University of California at San Diego grew from the Scripps Institute of Oceanography and began as a graduate school with a strong focus on

the natural sciences. The rich research culture around UCSD and many neighboring institutions would generally be termed the venue of the Torrey Pines Mesa, an area very rich in biotechnology research activities. Today, San Diego has the largest cluster of Life Sciences centers with 26 research institutes (including UCSD and a suite of Institutes: Salk, Neurosciences, Scripps Research, Burnham Medical, as well as smaller not for profits) located in an area less then 10 square miles. For more on San Diego's R&D Life Sciences and the vibrant biotechnology pharmacology efforts, do visit the BioCom website: http://www.biocom.org/Portals/0/SanDiegoLifeScien

## http://www.biocom.org/Portals/0/SanDiegoLifeScienceNumbers Fall06.pdf.

CSB2007 will continue to be a 5 day single track conference, with three core plenary presentations days sandwiched between a day of practical tutorials, long a very popular feature, and a day workshops exploring the future. Thus, CSB2007 includes several half day tutorials, 30 refereed papers plus keynote and invited speakers, and posters, during its five full days. Special events for the evenings are planned.

CSB2007, as in each of its previous years, owes a lot to its many hard working volunteers, who are listed under the Committees. The indefatigable energy of Vicky and Peter Markstein continues to sustain the magnitude and amplitude of the extraordinary science and technology vector that is CSB, and their partnership with Ying Xu also remains essential. The efforts to manage and enhance local arrangements, by Kayo Arima, Patrick Shih, Lydia Grech and Ed Buckingham, should also be acknowledged.

A few words, naturally, about SoCal: bring family and guests to enjoy San Diego's world-famous attractions as SeaWorld, the San Diego Zoo, the Wild Animal Park and LEGOLAND California, as well as historic cultural gems Balboa Park and Old Town, and of course, the "endless" beach.

John Wooley, General Conference Chair